

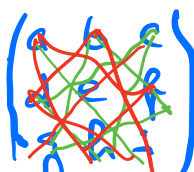
$$\det \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 9 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = 2 \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{-1 \cdot R_1} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 6 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{-1 \cdot R_2, -1 \cdot R_3} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{-2 \cdot R_2} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{+2 \cdot R_2} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{+2 \cdot R_2} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \det(B) = 2$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

1) $1 \times 1: A = (a) \Rightarrow \det A = a$

2) $2 \times 2: A = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow a \cdot d - b \cdot c$

3) $3 \times 3:$ 

4) 4×4 a wie:

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{pmatrix} = aei + dhc + gbf - gec - fha - ibd$$

Sarrus-Formel

$$\rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = \overset{1+1}{-1} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} + \overset{1+2}{3} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -1 & 3 \\ 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} + \overset{1+3}{2} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} +$$

alg. dupliziert $a_{11} A_{11} + 5 \overset{1+4}{-1} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} =$

$$= -3 - 3 \cdot (-12) + 2 \cdot (-3) - 5 \cdot 5 = -3 + 36 - 6 - 25 = \underline{\underline{2}}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 5 \cdot \overset{1+4}{-1} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} + 3 \overset{2+4}{-1} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} + 0 + 0$$

$$= -5 \cdot 5 + 3 \cdot 9 = -25 + 27 = \underline{\underline{2}}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & -5 & -2 & -10 \\ 0 & -8 & -5 & -15 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 3 \\ -5 & -2 & -10 \\ -8 & -5 & -15 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & -7 & 5 \\ 0 & -13 & 9 \end{vmatrix} = 1 \begin{vmatrix} -7 & 5 \\ -13 & 9 \end{vmatrix} =$$

$$= (-7) \cdot 9 - 5(-13) = -63 + 65 = \underline{\underline{2}}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$k \in \mathbb{R} \quad k \neq 0 \Rightarrow k \cdot l = 1$$

$$l = \frac{1}{k} = k^{-1}$$

$$A \text{ (} n \times n \text{)}, \det A \neq 0 \Rightarrow \exists A^{-1}:$$

$$\underline{\underline{A \cdot A^{-1} = E}}$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 5 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 5 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right) \sim \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 5 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -4 & 4 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right) \sim$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 5 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 12 & -1 & 4 & 1 \end{array} \right) \sim \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 5 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 6 & 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 12 & -1 & 4 & 1 \end{array} \right) \sim$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 12 & 0 & 0 & 11 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 6 & 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 12 & -1 & 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 12 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -16 & 11 \\ 0 & 6 & 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 12 & -1 & 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \sim$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{12} & -\frac{16}{12} & \frac{11}{12} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{6} & \frac{2}{6} & -\frac{1}{6} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{12} & \frac{4}{12} & \frac{1}{12} \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \bar{A}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{12} & -\frac{16}{12} & \frac{11}{12} \\ \frac{1}{6} & \frac{2}{6} & -\frac{1}{6} \\ -\frac{1}{12} & \frac{4}{12} & \frac{1}{12} \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{12} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -16 & 11 \\ 2 & 4 & -2 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Zk:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 5 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{12} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -16 & 11 \\ 2 & 4 & -2 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{12} \begin{pmatrix} 12 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 12 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 12 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A \cdot A^{-1}$$

O.K.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1^+ & 5^- & -1^+ \\ 0^- & 1^+ & 2^- \\ 1^+ & 1^- & 3^+ \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\det A = 15 - 1 = \underline{\underline{12}}$$

$$\bar{A}^{-1} = \frac{1}{12} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 16 & 4 & 4 \\ 11 & -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^T = \frac{1}{12} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -16 & 11 \\ 2 & 4 & -2 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$